

$$X \sim \text{Bin}(1000, \frac{1}{4}) \quad (1) \quad (1)$$

$$E(X) = 250$$

$$\sqrt{X} = 1000 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = 187 \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{כא } i=1, \dots, 1000 \quad y_i \sim \text{Bernulli}(\frac{1}{4}) \quad : \text{ר.ר.ר.}$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{1000} y_i \quad : \text{ס.ס}$$

$$E(y_i) = \frac{1}{4} \quad V(y_i) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$X \overset{\text{א.ק.ר.}}{\sim} N(1000 \cdot \frac{1}{4}, 1000 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4}) \quad : \text{הסתברות גבוהה וסכום רב}$$

$$X \overset{\text{א.ק.ר.}}{\sim} N(250, 187 \frac{1}{2})$$

$$P(X < 100) \cong P\left(Z < \frac{100 - 250}{\sqrt{187 \frac{1}{2}}}\right) = P(Z < -10.954) = 0$$

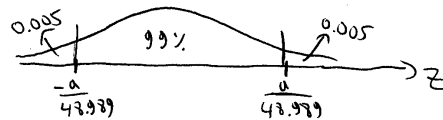
$$\text{כאשר } X \quad (2)$$

$$i=1, \dots, 10,000 \quad y_i = \begin{cases} 1 & 0.6 \\ 0 & 0.4 \end{cases}$$

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{10,000} y_i \quad \Rightarrow \quad X \overset{\text{א.ק.ר.}}{\sim} N(10,000 \cdot 0.6, 10,000 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 0.4) = N(6,000, 2400)$$

$$99\% = P(6000 - a < X < 6000 + a) = P\left(\frac{-a}{\sqrt{2400}} < Z < \frac{a}{\sqrt{2400}}\right) = P\left(\frac{a}{48.989} < Z < \frac{a}{48.989}\right) =$$

$$= \Phi\left(\frac{a}{48.989}\right) - \Phi\left(\frac{-a}{48.989}\right)$$



$$\Phi\left(\frac{a}{48.989}\right) = 0.995 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{a}{48.989} = 2.575$$

$$a = 126.146$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 X &\sim \text{Bin}(n_1, p) & X, Y &\text{ i.i.d.} \\
 Y &\sim \text{Bin}(n_2, p) & &
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{2}$$

$$M_{X+Y}(t) = M_X(t) M_Y(t) \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{=} (pe^t + q)^{n_1} (pe^t + q)^{n_2} = (pe^t + q)^{n_1 + n_2}$$

$$X + Y \sim \text{Bin}(n_1 + n_2)$$

$$X, Y \sim G(p) \tag{3}$$

$$M_{X+Y}(t) = M_X(t) M_Y(t) \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{=} \left(\frac{pe^t}{1-qe^t} \right) \left(\frac{pe^t}{1-qe^t} \right) = \left(\frac{pe^t}{1-qe^t} \right)^2$$

$$X + Y \sim \text{NB}(2, p)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Y &\sim N(20, 3) & X &\sim N(10, 2) \\
 \text{cov}(X, Y) &= 1
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{4}$$

~δμ) δσ) p δμ) μN zu p)δμ) δμ)

$$X + Y \sim N(10 + 20, 2 + 3 + 2 \cdot 1) = N(30, 7) \tag{1c}$$

$$P(X + Y < 28) = P\left(Z < \frac{28 - 30}{\sqrt{7}}\right) = P(Z < -0.756) = 0.2266$$

$$\sim \delta\mu \tag{2}$$

$$X \sim \text{poiss}(\lambda_1) \quad Y \sim \text{poiss}(\lambda_2)$$

... $y! x$

(5)

$$M_{X+Y}(t) = M_X(t) M_Y(t)$$

$$M_X(t) = E(e^{tx}) = \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{tx} \cdot e^{-\lambda_1} (\lambda_1)^x}{x!} = e^{-\lambda_1} \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \frac{(e^t \lambda_1)^x}{x!} =$$

$$= e^{-\lambda_1} e^{\lambda_1 e^t} = e^{-\lambda_1(1-e^t)}$$

$$M_Y(t) = e^{-\lambda_2(1-e^t)}$$

... λ_2 ... λ_1 ...

$$M_{X+Y}(t) = e^{-\lambda_1(1-e^t)} e^{-\lambda_2(1-e^t)} = e^{-(\lambda_1+\lambda_2)(1-e^t)}$$

⇓

$$X+Y \sim \text{poiss}(\lambda_1+\lambda_2)$$

$$i=1, \dots, 10 \quad \lambda \text{ ... } \lambda_i$$

(6)

$$p(i) = a^i \cdot i$$

$$p(N_1=n_1, \dots, N_{10}=n_{10}) = \frac{10!}{n_1! \dots n_{10}!} \cdot (p_1)^{n_1} \dots (p_{10})^{n_{10}}$$

$$p(N_1=1, N_2=1, \dots, N_{10}=1) = \frac{10!}{1! 1! 1! \dots 1!} \cdot (a^{\cdot 1})^1 (a^{\cdot 2})^1 \dots (a^{\cdot 10})^1 = (10!)$$

$$= (10!)^2 \cdot (a^{\cdot})^{10}$$

$$p(N_5=8, N_{10}=2) = \frac{10!}{2! 8!} (a^{\cdot 5})^8 (a^{\cdot 10})^2$$

(7)

$$p_1 = 7\%$$

$$p_2 = 2\%$$

$$p_3 = 1\%$$

$$p_4 = 0.9$$

$$P(N_1=10, N_2=5, N_3=5) = \frac{1000!}{10! 5! 5! 980!} \cdot (0.07)^{10} (0.02)^5 (0.01)^5 (0.9)^{980}$$

הסתברות של 2 קופות = גימלי

$$N_1 = 1 \quad p_1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$N_2 = 2 \quad p_2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$N_3 = 4 \quad p_3 = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$N_4 = 3 \quad p_4 = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$N_5 = 0 \quad p_5 = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$P(N_1=0) = P(N_5=4) = \frac{4!}{4! 0! 0! 0! 0!} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^0 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^0 \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^0 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^4 \quad (1c)$$

$$P(N_1=5) = P(N_1=3, N_2=1, N_5=0) + P(N_1=1, N_2=2, N_5=0) + P(N_1=1, N_3=1, N_5=0) = \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{4!}{3! 1! 0!} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^1 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^0 + \frac{4!}{1! 2! 0!} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^1 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^0 + \frac{4!}{1! 1! 0!} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^1 \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^1 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right)^0$$

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \sim \text{exp}(2) \quad (10)$$

$$Y = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$Z = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \quad (17)$$

$$M_Z(t) = M_{\sum X_i}(t) = M_{X_1}(t) \dots M_{X_n}(t) = \left(\frac{2}{2-t}\right) \left(\frac{2}{2-t}\right) \dots \left(\frac{2}{2-t}\right) = \left(\frac{2}{2-t}\right)^n$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$Z \sim \text{Gamma}(n, 2) \quad \left(f_Z(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{-z/2} z^{n-1}}{2^n \Gamma(n)} & z > 0 \\ 0 & \text{sonst} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$Y = 20Z$$

$$F_Y(y) = P(Y \leq y) = P(20Z \leq y) = P\left(Z \leq \frac{y}{20}\right) = F_Z\left(\frac{y}{20}\right)$$

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{20} \cdot f_Z\left(\frac{y}{20}\right) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{20} \cdot \frac{e^{-\frac{y}{20}} \left(\frac{y}{20}\right)^{n-1}}{2^n \Gamma(n)} & y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{sonst} \end{cases}$$

$$\bar{X}_{100} \sim N\left(\overset{E(X_i)}{60}, \overset{\frac{V(X_i)}{n}}{\frac{60^2}{100}}\right)$$

$$X_i \sim \text{exp}\left(\frac{1}{60}\right) \quad i=1, \dots, 100 \quad (11)$$

$$P(\bar{X}_{100} < 58) = P\left(Z < \frac{58-60}{\sqrt{\frac{60^2}{100}}}\right) = P(Z < -0.33) \approx 0.6293$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^5 X_i = Y \quad (12)$$

$$M_Y(t) = M_{\sum X_i}(t) = M_{X_1}(t) \dots M_{X_5}(t) = \left(\frac{\frac{1}{60}}{\frac{1}{60}-t}\right)^5 \Rightarrow Y \sim \text{Gamma}\left(5, \frac{1}{60}\right)$$

$$P(Y > 300) = 1 - \int_{y=0}^{300} \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{60}y} \left(\frac{1}{60}\right)^5 y^{5-1}}{\Gamma(5)} dy$$

$$P\left(\sum_{i=1}^5 X_i > 300\right) = P\left(Z > \frac{300 - 5 \cdot 60}{\sqrt{5 \cdot 60^2}}\right) = \quad (1)$$

$$= P(Z > 0) = 0.5$$

$$\rightsquigarrow X, Y \sim U(0, 1) \quad (12)$$

$$Z = X + Y$$

.8.3

$$f_Z(z) = \begin{cases} z & 0 < z < 1 \\ 2-z & 1 < z < 2 \\ 0 & \text{sonst} \end{cases}$$

$$M_Z(t) = M_{X+Y}(t) \stackrel{\rightsquigarrow}{=} M_X(t) \cdot M_Y(t) = \left(\frac{e^t - 1}{t}\right)^2$$

$f_Z(z)$

$M_Z(t)$

$P(Z)$

$$M_Z(t) = E(e^{zt}) = \int_{z=0}^1 e^{zt} \cdot z \, dz + \int_{z=1}^2 e^{zt} (2-z) \, dz =$$

$$= \left[\frac{ze^{tz}}{t} \right]_0^1 - \int_0^1 \frac{e^{tz}}{t} dz + \left[\frac{2ze^{tz}}{t} - \frac{z^2 e^{tz}}{2t} \right]_1^2 - \left[\frac{ze^{tz}}{t} \right]_1^2 =$$

$$= \left(\frac{e^t}{t} - 0 \right) - \left[\frac{e^t}{t^2} \right]_0^1 + \left[\frac{2e^{2t}}{t} - \frac{e^t}{t} - \left(\frac{e^{2t}}{t^2} - \frac{e^t}{t^2} \right) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{e^t}{t} - \left(\frac{e^t}{t^2} - \frac{1}{t^2} \right) + \left(\frac{2e^{2t}}{t} - \frac{e^t}{t} \right) - \left[\frac{2e^{2t}}{t} - \frac{e^t}{t} - \left(\frac{e^{2t}}{t^2} - \frac{e^t}{t^2} \right) \right] =$$

$$\int_a^b e^{tz} = \left[\frac{ze^{tz}}{t} \right]_a^b - \int_a^b \frac{e^{tz}}{t} dz$$

$$u=3 \quad e^{tz} = v'$$

$$u'=1 \quad \frac{e^{tz}}{t} = v$$

$$= \frac{e^t}{t} - \frac{e^t}{t^2} + \frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{2e^{2t}}{t} - \frac{2e^{2t}}{t} - \frac{2e^{2t}}{t} + \frac{e^t}{t} + \frac{e^{2t}}{t^2} - \frac{e^t}{t^2} =$$

$$= \frac{-e^t + 1 + e^{2t} - e^t}{t^2} = \frac{(e^t)^2 - 2e^t + 1}{t^2} = \frac{(e^t - 1)^2}{t^2}$$

.S.O.N

$\overset{\text{S.O.N}}{\sim} \text{U.N.P. } X \sim U(12, 13) \quad (13)$
 $\text{U.N.P. } Y \sim U(10, 15)$

$$E(X \cdot Y) = E(X) \cdot E(Y) = \left(\frac{12+13}{2}\right) \left(\frac{10+15}{2}\right) = 156.25 \quad (1c)$$

$\overset{\text{S.O.N}}{\sim} \text{U.N.P. } X \cdot Y =$

$Y \cdot X$	
10 · 12 = 120	1/12
10 · 13 = 130	1/12
15 · 12 = 180	1/12
15 · 13 = 195	1/12
11 · 12 = 132	1/12
11 · 13 = 143	1/12
12 · 12 = 144	1/12
12 · 13 = 156	2/12
13 · 12 = 156	
13 · 13 = 169	1/12
14 · 12 = 168	1/12
14 · 13 = 182	1/12

$\text{U.N.P. } (2)$

$$\frac{100!}{10! 3! 20! 67!} \left(\frac{1}{12}\right)^{10} \left(\frac{1}{12}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{12}\right)^{20} \left(\frac{2}{12}\right)^{67}$$